

1 Solve, algebraically, these simultaneous equations.

$$\begin{aligned}4x + y &= 8 \\2x - 3y &= 11\end{aligned}$$

$x = \dots\dots\dots$

$y = \dots\dots\dots [4]$

2 Solve these simultaneous equations.

$$\begin{aligned}3x - 2y &= 13 \\7x + 6y &= 9\end{aligned}$$

$x =$  .....

$y =$  ..... [3]

- 3** In a car park the only vehicles are motorbikes and cars.  
The motorbikes each have 2 wheels and the cars each have 4 wheels.

There are 110 vehicles and 378 wheels altogether in the car park.

Let the number of cars be  $c$  and the number of motorbikes be  $m$ .

- (a)** Use the information in the question to complete this equation.

$$c + m = \dots\dots\dots$$

[1]

- (b)** Write down another equation in  $c$  and  $m$  and solve it simultaneously with the equation in part **(a)** to find the number of motorbikes and the number of cars in the car park.

**(b)** Number of cars,  $c = \dots\dots\dots$

Number of motorbikes,  $m = \dots\dots\dots$  [4]

- 4 Chanre sews edging onto curtains and blinds.  
She is paid  $\pounds C$  for each pair of curtains and  $\pounds B$  for each set of blinds.

On Monday she completes 10 pairs of curtains and 2 sets of blinds.  
She is paid  $\pounds 35$  for this.

This gives the equation  $10C + 2B = 35$ .

- (a) On Tuesday she completes 5 pairs of curtains and 6 sets of blinds.  
She is paid  $\pounds 30$  for this.

Write an equation to show this information.

(a) \_\_\_\_\_ [1]

- (b) Solve the two simultaneous equations algebraically to find the amount she is paid for each pair of curtains and each set of blinds.

(b) Curtains  $\pounds$  \_\_\_\_\_

Blinds  $\pounds$  \_\_\_\_\_ [3]

5 Solve these simultaneous equations.

$$4y + 3x = 3$$

$$2y - x = -2$$

$$x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \quad y = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \quad [3]$$

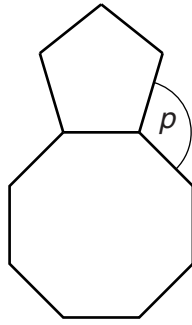
6 Solve, algebraically, these simultaneous equations.

$$\begin{aligned}3x + 2y &= 5 \\5x - 3y &= 21\end{aligned}$$

$x = \underline{\hspace{10em}}$

$y = \underline{\hspace{10em}} \quad [4]$

- 7 This shape is made from a regular pentagon and a regular octagon each with sides of the same length.



Not to scale

Prove that angle  $p$  is  $117^\circ$ .

[5]

- 8 The *Park and Ride* is a bus service to take people into the city centre. Adults pay £1.60 for a ticket and children pay 20 pence. On one journey there are 55 passengers and the driver collects £67.

Let  $a$  be the number of adults on the bus and let  $c$  be the number of children on the bus.

- (a) Show that  $8a + c = 335$ .

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[2]

- (b) The fact that there are 55 passengers means that  $a + c = 55$ .

Solve this equation simultaneously with the one from part (a) to find how many children are on the bus.

(b) \_\_\_\_\_ [3]



9 Solve these simultaneous equations algebraically.

$$y = 2x - 4$$

$$y = x^2 - 4x + 3$$

Give your answers correct to 2 decimal places.

$$x = \dots\dots\dots y = \dots\dots\dots$$

$$x = \dots\dots\dots y = \dots\dots\dots [6]$$

10 You are given that  $f(x) = cx + d$  and that  $f(0) = -6$  and  $f(2) = 10$ .

Find the values of  $c$  and  $d$ .

$c = \dots\dots\dots$

$d = \dots\dots\dots$  [3]

11 Solve, algebraically, these simultaneous equations.

$$x + 3y = 14$$

$$2x + y = 3$$

$$x = \dots\dots\dots$$

$$y = \dots\dots\dots [3]$$

12 Solve algebraically these simultaneous equations.

$$y = x^2 + 6x - 5$$

$$y = 2x + 7$$

$$x = \dots\dots\dots y = \dots\dots\dots$$

$$x = \dots\dots\dots y = \dots\dots\dots \mathbf{[6]}$$

13 Solve these simultaneous equations algebraically.

$$y = 2x^2 - 4x + 1$$

$$y = 6 - x$$

$$x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \quad y = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \quad y = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

[7]